
Specification of polypropylene drinking straws

Spécifications des pailles à boire en polypropylène

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 18188:2016



STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 18188:2016



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2016, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11
Fax +41 22 749 09 47
copyright@iso.org
www.iso.org

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Raw materials	2
5 Requirements	2
5.1 Appearance	2
5.2 Tolerance on dimensions	2
5.2.1 Inner diameter	2
5.2.2 Length	2
5.2.3 Wall thickness	2
5.2.4 Uniformity of wall thickness	2
5.3 Properties	2
5.3.1 Resistance to bending	2
5.3.2 Heat endurance	2
5.3.3 Cold endurance	2
6 Test methods	3
6.1 Conditioning and testing atmosphere	3
6.2 Appearance inspection	3
6.3 Dimensional measurement	3
6.3.1 Inner diameter	3
6.3.2 Length	3
6.3.3 Wall thickness	3
6.3.4 Uniformity of wall thickness	3
6.4 Properties	3
6.4.1 Bending test	3
6.4.2 Heat endurance test	3
6.4.3 Cold endurance test	4
7 Packaging and labelling	4
7.1 Packaging	4
7.2 Labelling on packaging	4
8 Sampling and criteria for conformity	4
Annex A (normative) Sampling and criteria for conformity	5
Bibliography	7

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 11, *Products*.

Introduction

Despite worldwide use, polypropylene drinking straws lack standards and specifications. This International Standard provides general requirements for dimensions and performance properties to ensure consistent, quality products.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 18188:2016

[STANDARDSISO.COM](https://standardsiso.com) : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 18188:2016

Specification of polypropylene drinking straws

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the general characteristics, requirements and methods for testing of polypropylene (PP) drinking straws (herein after called PP straws). It is applicable to PP straws having an inner diameter of 3 mm to 12 mm.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 291, *Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing*

ISO 1873-2, *Plastics — Polypropylene (PP) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties*

ISO 4593, *Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of thickness by mechanical scanning*

ISO 19069-1, *Plastics — Polypropylene (PP) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

plastic drinking straw

thin tube of plastic for sucking up liquid from a container

3.2

straight straw

straw with a straight tube

3.3

flexible/bendable straw

straw with an angle-adjustable bellows segment

3.4

spoon straw

straw with a spoon-shaped end, intended for slushes

3.5

sharp tip straw

straw with a sharp tip, intended for insertion through film sealed containers

3.6

extendable straw

straw composed of concentric sections whose length is extended by pulling the inner tube out of the outer one

3.7
pack
primary packaging

4 Raw materials

A suitable grade of PP conforming to the food contact requirements of the intended market shall be utilized in the manufacture of PP straws. Additives, e.g. colorants, if used, shall also be of food grade. Printing is not allowed on the straws. The designation and specification of different grades of polypropylene are described in ISO 19069-1 while the relevant properties are determined using the methods described in ISO 1873-2.

5 Requirements

The following are requirements provided for general guidance. Additional requirements shall be as agreed upon between the interested parties.

5.1 Appearance

PP straws shall be free of visible contaminants and any structural defects such as visible cracks or splits.

5.2 Tolerance on dimensions

5.2.1 Inner diameter

The tolerance of the inner diameter of straws shall be within $\pm 0,3$ mm of the nominal diameter.

5.2.2 Length

The tolerance of the length of straws shall be within ± 3 mm of the nominal length if the nominal length is less than or equal to 250 mm. In case the nominal length is more than 250 mm, the tolerance shall be within ± 5 mm of the nominal length.

5.2.3 Wall thickness

Wall thickness of straws shall not be less than 2 % of the nominal diameter.

5.2.4 Uniformity of wall thickness

The difference between the maximum and minimum wall thickness shall be less than 0,05 mm (excluding the thickness of colour stripes).

5.3 Properties

5.3.1 Resistance to bending

When tested in accordance with [6.4.1](#), the straws shall not rupture.

5.3.2 Heat endurance

There shall be no deformation and/or colour fading after testing in accordance with [6.4.2](#).

5.3.3 Cold endurance

The straws shall not crack after testing according to [6.4.3](#).

6 Test methods

6.1 Conditioning and testing atmosphere

Dimensional measurement and testing shall be carried out at ambient temperature, as specified in ISO 291.

6.2 Appearance inspection

Inspection for visible contaminants and any structural defects of the straws shall be conducted under normal light.

6.3 Dimensional measurement

6.3.1 Inner diameter

Measure the inner diameter of a straw at one end, using a profile projector or other suitable means, capable of reading to 0,01 mm or less. For extendable straws, the measurement shall be done at the outer tube.

6.3.2 Length

The length of a straw shall be measured using a graduated ruler or other suitable means, capable of reading to 0,5 mm or less.

Flexible/bendable straws shall be measured as received.

Extendable straws shall be measured at their full extension.

6.3.3 Wall thickness

Measure the wall thickness of a straw at two positions of each end using devices complying with the requirements in ISO 4593, capable of reading to 0,001 mm or less.

6.3.4 Uniformity of wall thickness

From the values of the wall thickness obtained per [6.3.3](#), calculate the difference between the maximum and minimum wall thickness.

6.4 Properties

6.4.1 Bending test

Bend a straw 90° and release at five different points along its length (including the flexible part of flexible straws). Examine thoroughly for any rupture.

A pipette bulb may be used to draw distilled water into the straw to identify any signs of rupture.

6.4.2 Heat endurance test

Immerse the entire length of the straws in a beaker filled with (95 ± 2) °C distilled water. Put the beaker in an oven at a constant temperature of (50 ± 2) °C for 30 min. Remove the straws from the water, spread them out and leave at ambient temperature for 30 min. Examine thoroughly for any visible deformation and colour fading.

Flexible/bendable straws shall be tested as received.

Extendable straws shall be tested at their full extension.

6.4.3 Cold endurance test

Immerse the entire length of the straws in a beaker filled with $(1 \pm 1) ^\circ\text{C}$ ice cold water. Keep the water at a constant temperature of $(1 \pm 1) ^\circ\text{C}$ for 30 min by any suitable means. Remove a straw from the water and immediately bend it 90° and release at five different points along its immersed section. After bending all of the straws, examine thoroughly for any cracks.

Flexible/bendable straws shall be tested as received.

Extendable straws shall be tested at their full extension.

7 Packaging and labelling

7.1 Packaging

The straws shall be packed appropriately to keep them clean and may be individually wrapped with film or paper.

7.2 Labelling on packaging

The packaging shall be labelled with the following information:

- a) the name of the manufacturer;
- b) the material (polypropylene) and size of the straws;
- c) number of straws in a pack;
- d) the month and year of manufacture;
- e) any information regarding health and safety required by the buyer.

8 Sampling and criteria for conformity

Sampling and criteria for conformity, including sample size for each testing items are specified in [Annex A](#).

Annex A (normative)

Sampling and criteria for conformity

A.1 Sampling

A.1.1 All the straws of the same dimensions in a consignment shall be grouped together to constitute a lot.

A.1.2 The conformity of the lot to the requirements of this International Standard shall be determined on the basis of tests carried out on samples randomly selected from the lot.

A.1.3 The requirements for sampling for packaging and labelling inspection are specified in [Table A.1](#).

Table A.1 — Sample size for packaging and labelling inspection

Number of pack in lot (pack)	Sample size for packaging and labelling inspection (pack)	Acceptance number
Up to 50	2	0
51 - 500	8	1
501 - 3 200	13	2
3 201 and above	20	3

A.1.4 For appearance inspection and measurement of dimensions, the sample size shall be 30 % of the corresponding size used for packaging and labelling inspection but in no case less than six pieces.

A.1.5 The requirements for sampling for bending, heat and cold endurance test are specified in [Table A.2](#).

A.2 Criteria for conformity

The lot shall be considered as conforming to the requirements of this International Standard if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) the number of pack that found defective during the packaging or labelling inspection shall be no more than the acceptance number of the corresponding sample size specified in [Table A.1](#);
- b) all of the straws in [A.1.4](#) shall be in accordance with [5.1](#), [5.2.1](#), [5.2.2](#), [5.2.3](#) and [5.2.4](#);
- c) the number of straws that failed the bending or heat endurance or cold endurance test shall be no more than the acceptance number of the corresponding sample size specified in [Table A.2](#).