# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5821

Second edition 2009-02-01

# Resistance welding — Spot welding electrode caps

Soudage par résistance — Embouts amovibles de pointes d'électrodes pour soudage par points de pointes d'électrodes pour soudage par points de la company de

ISO

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Published in Switzerland

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Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 5821 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, Welding and allied processes, Subcommittee SC 6, Resistance welding and allied mechanical joining.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (150 5821:1979) which has been technically revised.

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 6 via your national standards body, a complete listing of which can be found at www.iso.org.

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## Resistance welding — Spot welding electrode caps

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the dimensions and tolerances of resistance spot welding electrode caps, where a female taper (see ISO 1089) is used to fix the cap to an electrode adaptor (see ISO 5183-1 and ISO 5183-2).

It applies only to electrode caps for which the electrode force,  $F_{\rm E}$ , given for claimeter  $d_1$  in Table 2 and Table A.2 is not exceeded.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1089, Electrode taper fits for spot welding equipment Dimensions

ISO 5182, Resistance welding — Materials for electrodes and ancillary equipment

ISO 5183-1, Resistance welding equipment Electrode adaptors, male taper 1:10 — Part 1: Conical fixing, taper 1:10

ISO 5183-2, Resistance welding equipment — Electrode adaptors, male taper 1:10 — Part 2: Parallel shank fixing for end-thrust electrodes

ISO 17677-1, Resistance welding — Vocabulary — Part 1: Spot, projection and seam welding

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 17677-1 apply.

#### 4 Dimensions and tolerances

The dimensions shall be as given in Table 1 and Figure 1 for taper 1:10 and as given in Annex A for taper 1:9,6. ISO 1089 shall be used to provide the taper dimensions. Tolerances shall be as given in Table 3.

To enlarge the application potential of this International Standard, common variations of the base types are specified in Table 1. Preferred values are printed in bold-face.

Depending on the working stroke of the guns, two additional lengths,  $l_1$ , are offered to allow optimized lifetimes of the caps using tip dressers.

 $D_2$  and  $R_1$  allow options to adapt the contact areas to different electrode indentations and nugget sizes.

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The electrode force,  $F_{\rm E}$ , given for diameter  $d_{\rm 1}$  in Table 2 and Table A.2 should not be exceeded.

Table 1 — Dimensions for taper 1:10 (preferred values are printed in bold-face)

Linear dimensions in millimetres

															1			
Туре	<i>d</i> <sub>1</sub>		$d_2$		$d_3$		<i>l</i> <sub>1</sub>		$l_2$	$l_3$	е		$R_1$		R <sub>2</sub>		α 。	
	13	ı	ı	_	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	_	_	30	65	100	_	ı	1	_
A0	16	1	1	_	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	_	_	40	70	100	_	1	1	_
	20	-	-	_	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	_	_	50	75	100	_	-	IC	_
	13	5,0	6,0	7,0	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	_	_	30	flat	-	_	30	45	_
В0	16	6,0	7,0	8,0	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	_	—	40	flat	50	—	30	45	_
	20	8,0	9,0	10,0	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	_	_	50	flat	75	9	30	45	_
	13	1	1	_	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	_	_		_	4	\ <u>\</u>	1	-	_
C0	16	_	_	_	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	_	_	_		S	_	_	_	_
	20	-	-	_	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	_	_	_	, <del>-</del> О		_	-	-	_
	13	5,0	1	_	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	_	3,0	32	flat	-	_	30	45	60
D0	16	6,0	1	_	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	_	4,0	40	flat	1	_	30	45	60
	20	8,0	-	_	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	_	5,0	50	flat	-	_	30	45	60
	13	ı	ı	_	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	8,0	<u>)</u>	5		ı	_	20	1	_
E0	16	ı	ı	_	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	10,5	_	6	-	ı	_	20	1	_
	20	ı	ı	_	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	12,0	_	8	-	ı	_	20	1	_
	13	ı	ı	_	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	_	_	6,5		ı	_	ı	1	_
F0	16	I	ı	-	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	_	_	8		I		I	1	_
	20	ı	ı	_	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	_	_	10	-	ı	_	ı	1	_
	13	5,0	5,5	6,0	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	6,0	_	50	63	flat	6,5	1	-	_
F1	16	5,5	6,5	8,0	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	7,5	_	50	80	flat	8,0	-	-	_
	20	6,0	7,0	8,0	15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	9,5	_	50	100	flat	10,0	_	_	_
G0	13	5,0	_	~	10,0	18,0	21,0	24,0	8,5	10,5	_	32	_	flat	5,0	-	15°20'	_
	16	6,0		8	12,0	20,0	23,0	25,0	10,5	12,0	_	40	_	flat	6,0	15	17	_
	20	8,0	D		15,0	22,0	25,0	28,0	12,0	10,0	_	50	_	flat	8,0	22,5	20	_
NOTE	For tolerances on dimensions, see Table 3.																	

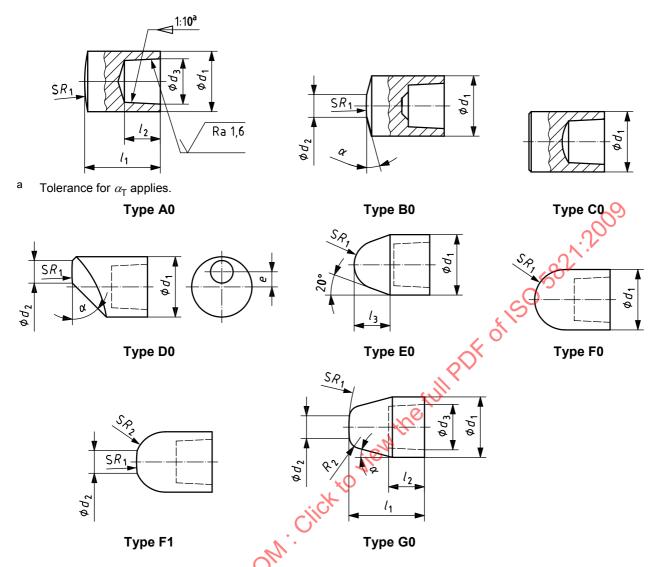
Table 2 — Recommended maximum electrode force,  $F_{\rm E}$ , depending on the hardness of the caps, given for diameter  $d_{\rm 1}$ , taper 1:10

$d_1$		Electrode force $F_{\rm E}$ Hardness > 150 HB			
mm	kN	kN			
13	2,5	3,5			
16	4,0	5,5			
20	6,3	7,5			

Table 3 — Tolerances on dimensions

	Dimension	Tolerance
	<i>d</i> <sub>1</sub>	± 0,15 mm
	$d_2$	± 0,2 mm
	$d_3$	0,1 mm
	$l_1$	<b>≠</b> 0,5 mm
	$l_2$	± 0,5 mm
	l <sub>3</sub>	± 0,5 mm
	$l_1 - l_2$	_
	$R_1 \leqslant 30 \text{ mm}$	± 0,5 mm
	R <sub>1</sub> > 30 mm	± 2,0 mm
	$R_2$	± 0,5 mm
(	α	± 1°
60.	$lpha_{T}$	0 -6'
SIS	c	± 0,02 mm
RD	$lpha_{ m T}$ angle of taper	
JOK.	c circularity	
STANDARDSISO.		

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NOTE Types A0, B0, C0 and D0 denote representative forms of water hole configuration. "S" denotes spherical radiuses.

Figure 1 — Female electrode caps

#### 5 Designation

#### **EXAMPLES**

A spot welding electrode cap type <u>B0</u> (i.e. taper 1:10), width  $d_1 = \underline{16}$  mm, length  $l_1 = \underline{20}$  mm,  $R_1 = \underline{30}$  mm,  $d_2 = \underline{8}$  mm and  $\alpha = \underline{45}^\circ$ , is designated as follows:

#### Spot welding electrode cap ISO 5821 - B0 - 16 - 20 - 30 - 8 - 45

A spot welding electrode cap type  $\underline{A0}$  (i.e. taper 1:10), width  $d_1 = \underline{20}$  mm, length  $l_1 = \underline{22}$  mm,  $R_1 = \underline{50}$  mm ( $d_2$  and  $\alpha$  are not applicable), is designated as follows:

#### Spot welding electrode cap ISO 5821 - A0 - 20 - 22 - 50

A spot welding electrode cap type  $\underline{C0}$  (i.e. taper 1:10), width  $d_1 = \underline{13}$  mm, length  $l_1 = \underline{18}$  mm ( $R_1$ ,  $d_2$  and  $\alpha$  are not applicable), is designated as follows:

#### Spot welding electrode cap ISO 5821 - C0 - 13 - 18

#### Material

Materials in accordance with ISO 5182 shall be used.

#### 7 Marking

The package shall be marked with the full designation and material used, for example in accordance with the STANDARDSISO.COM. Cick to view the full POF of ISO 5821.2008 first example in Clause 5.

ISO 
$$5821 - B0 - 16 - 20 - 30 - 8 - 45 - \Delta 2/2$$

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# Annex A

(normative)

### Alternative types and dimensions of female electrode caps

#### A.1 General

The classification according to Table 1 is mainly based on the previous edition of this International Standard. The classification according to Annex A is mainly based on standards specifying taper 1:9,6. Application of either type of classification designation identifies a product as classified according to this international Standard. Annex A has been incorporated to improve the market relevance of this International Standard, especially in countries where taper 1:9,6 is still used. Although it is recognised that the 1/10 taper is not universally used currently, it is felt that a move to a 1:10 taper would be in the interest of global relevance and therefore it is intended to delete this annex in a future revision.

### A.2 Types and dimensions

STANDARDSISO. CIICK to view the Table A.1 and Figure A.1 show alternative types of female electrode caps; the corresponding symbols between Table 1 and Figure 1 and this annex are in parentheses. Tolerances shall be as given in Table 3.

Table A.1 — Alternative dimensions with taper 1:9,6

Linear dimensions in millimetres

<i>d</i> <sub>1</sub> ( <i>M</i> )	Туре	Table 1 functional equivalent	l <sub>1</sub> - l <sub>2</sub> (G)	d <sub>2</sub> (D)	(N)	R <sub>1</sub> (R)	α (S)	l <sub>1</sub> (L)	d <sub>3</sub> (J)	l <sub>2</sub> (P)
	FA	G0		4,8	9,5	4,1	15°20'			
	FB	F1		4,8	6,4	4,1	_	21,3	10,01	9,1
12,7	FC	C0	11,7	_	_	_	_			
12,1	FD	D0	11,7	4,8	_		50°			
	FE	В0		4,8	_	_	45°			
	FF	A0		_	_	50,1	_			
13	FB	F1	9,5	6	_	8	- ,	20	10	9
	FA	G0		6,4	12,7	5,6	17°			
	FB	F1		6,4	9,5	5,6	(%)	22,35	12,56	9,9
15,8	FC	C0	9,4		_		<u>`</u>			
10,0	FD	D0	0,4	6,4	_	S.	45°			
	FE	В0		6,4	-"	<b>~</b>	45°			
	FF	A0		_	الرب	50,1	_			
16	FA	G0	12,1	6 🔾	<u> </u>	8	_	23	12,6	10,9
10	FB	F1	11,5	6 N		8	_	23	12,6	10
19	FB	F1	8,5	18	_	8	_	25	14	15
	FA	G0	7	7,1	19,1	7,1	20°			
	FB	F1	-lici	7,1	9,5	7,1	_	- 25,4	15,88	11,0
19,1	FC	C0	9,4		_		_			
	FD	D0 0M	<i>3</i> , <del>1</del>	7,1		_	45°			
	FE	ВО		7,1	_	_	45°			
	FF	S A0		_		101,6	_			
NOTE	= 12,7 mm = 1/2 inch; 15,8 mm = 5/8 inch; 19,1 mm = 3/4 inch.									

Table A.2 — Recommended maximum electrode force,  $F_{\rm E}$ , given for diameter  $d_{\rm 1}$ , taper 1:9,6

$d_1$		Electrode force $F_{E}$ Hardness > 150 HB				
mm	kN	kN				
12,7	2,6	3,6				
15,8	4,9	6,8				
19,1	7,6	9,1				