



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS5030™**REV. K**

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Stabilized	2017-08

Superseding AMS5030J

Steel, Welding Wire
0.06 Carbon, Maximum
(Composition similar to UNS K00606)

RATIONALE

AMS5030K has been stabilized as mature technology.

STABILIZED NOTICE

AMS5030K has been declared "STABILIZED" by SAE AMS Carbon and Low Alloy Steels Committee E. This document will no longer be updated and may no longer represent standard industry practice. This document was stabilized because this document contains mature technology that is not expected to change and thus no further revisions are anticipated. Previously this document was reaffirmed non-current. The last technical update of this document occurred in May 2003. Users of this document should refer to the cognizant engineering organization for disposition of any issues with reports/certifications to this specification; including exceptions listed on the certification.

NOTE: In many cases, the purchaser may represent a sub tier supplier and not the cognizant engineering organization.

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1. SCOPE:

1.1 Form:

This specification covers a low-carbon steel in the form of welding wire.

1.2 Application:

This wire has been used typically as filler metal for gas-tungsten-arc or gas-metal-arc welding of parts fabricated from low-carbon and low-alloy steels, but usage is not limited to such applications.

1.3 Classification:

Wire supplied to this specification is classified as follows:

- Type 1 - Copper coated
- Type 2 - Bare

1.3.1 Type 1 shall be supplied unless Type 2 is specified.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS:

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

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2.1 SAE Publications:

Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001 or www.sae.org.

AMS 2259	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Low-Alloy and Carbon Steels
AMS 2370	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel, Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS 2813	Packaging and Marking of Packages of Welding Wire, Standard Method
AMS 2814	Packaging and Marking of Packages of Welding Wire, Premium Quality
AMS 2816	Identification, Welding Wire, Tab Marking Method
AMS 2819	Identification Welding Wire, Direct Color Code System
ARP1876	Weldability Test for Weld Filler Metal Wire
ARP4926	Alloy Verification and Chemical Composition Inspection of Welding Wire

2.2 ASTM Publications:

Available from ASTM, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 or www.astm.org.

ASTM E 350	Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron
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3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Wire Composition:

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 350, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

TABLE 1 - Composition

Element	min	max
Carbon (3.1.1)	--	0.06
Manganese	--	0.50
Silicon	--	0.08
Phosphorus	--	0.040
Sulfur	--	0.040
Copper (3.1.2)	--	0.35

3.1.1 Shall be determined periodically on finished wire.

3.1.2 Shall be determined periodically on finished wire if wire is supplied copper coated.

3.1.3 Chemical analysis of initial ingot, bar, or rod stock before drawing, other than those analyses required to be done on the finished wire, is acceptable provided the processes used for drawing or rolling, annealing, and cleaning are controlled to ensure continued conformance to composition requirements.

3.1.4 Check Analysis: Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS 2259.

3.2 Condition:

Cold worked, bright finish, in a temper and with a surface finish which will provide proper feeding of the wire in machine welding equipment.

3.3 Fabrication:

3.3.1 Wire shall be formed from rod or bar descaled by a process which does not affect the composition of the wire. Surface irregularities inherent with a forming process that does not tear the wire surface are acceptable provided the wire conforms to the tolerances of 3.6.

3.3.2 In-process annealing, if required, between cold rolling or drawing operations, shall be performed in vacuum or in protective atmosphere to avoid surface oxidation and absorption of other extraneous elements.

3.3.3 Butt welding is permissible provided both ends to be joined are either alloy verified using a method or methods capable of distinguishing the alloy from all other alloys processed in the facility or the repair is made at the wire processing station. The butt weld shall not interfere with uniform, uninterrupted feeding of the wire in machine welding.

3.3.4 Drawing compounds, oxides, dirt, oil, and other foreign materials shall be removed by cleaning processes which will neither result in pitting nor cause gas absorption by the wire or deposition of substances harmful to welding operations.

3.3.5 Residual elements and dissolved gases picked up during wire processing that can adversely affect the welding characteristics, the operation of the equipment, or the properties of the weld metal, shall be removed.

3.3.6 When Type 1 copper coated wire is specified, the copper coating shall be clean, bright, and uniform in appearance. A maximum of four discontinuities in any 36-inch (914-mm) length are acceptable provided the exposed wire is clean and bright. The maximum allowable discontinuity size shall be 0.25 inch (6.4 mm) in length. The thickness of the copper coating shall not exceed 0.0005 inch (0.0127 mm) on the diameter.

3.4 Properties:

Wire shall conform to the following requirements:

3.4.1 Weldability: Melted wire shall flow smoothly and evenly during welding and shall produce acceptable welds. ARP1876 may be used to resolve disputes.

3.4.2 Spooled Wire: Shall conform to 3.4.2.1 and 3.4.2.2.

3.4.2.1 Cast: Wire, wound on standard 12-inch (305-mm) diameter spools, shall have imparted to it a curvature such that a specimen sufficient in length to form one loop with a 1 -inch (25-mm) overlap, when cut from the spool and laid on a flat surface, shall form a circle 15 to 50 inches (381 to 1270 mm) in diameter.

3.4.2.2 Helix: The specimen on which cast was determined, when laid on a flat surface and measured between adjacent turns, shall show a vertical separation not greater than 1 inch (25 mm).

3.5 Quality:

Wire, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to welding operations, operation of welding equipment, or properties of the deposited weld metal.

3.5.1: Surface irregularities inherent with a forming process that does not tear the wire surface are acceptable provided the wire conforms to the tolerances of 3.6.

3.6 Sizes and Tolerances:

Wire shall be supplied in the sizes and to the tolerances shown in 3.6.1 and 3.6.2.

3.6.1 Diameter: Shall be as shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2A - Sizes and Diameter Tolerances, Inch/Pound Units

Form	Nominal Diameter Inch	Tolerance, Inch plus and minus
Cut Lengths	0.030,0.045	0.001
Cut Lengths	0.052,0.062,0.078,0.094,0.125,0.156,0.188	0.002
Spools	0.007,0.010,0.015,0.020	0.0005
Spools	0.030,0.035,0.045	0.001
Spools	0.062,0.078,0.094	0.002

TABLE 2B - Sizes and Diameter Tolerances, SI Units

Form	Nominal Diameter Millimeters	Tolerance, Millimeter plus and minus
Cut Lengths	0.76,1.14	0.025
Cut Lengths	1.32,1.57,1.98,2.39,3.18,3.96,4.78	0.05
Spools	0.18,0.25,0.38,0.51	0.013
Spools	0.76,0.89,1.14	0.025
Spools	1.57,1.98,2.39	0.05

3.6.2 Length: Cut lengths shall be furnished in 18, 27, or 36-inch (457, 686, or 914-mm) lengths, as ordered, and shall not vary more than +0, -0.5 inch (-13 mm) from the length ordered.