

INCH-POUND

**NOTICE
OF VALIDATION**

AMS 5352C
NOTICE 2
15 JULY 1993
SUPERSEDING
NOTICE 1
4 NOVEMBER 1988

SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS
AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
CASTINGS, INVESTMENT, 17Cr - 0.5Mo - (0.95 - 1.20C)

AMS 5352C dated 1 October 1982 with Acceptance Notice dated 1 September 1983 has been reviewed and determined to be valid for use in acquisition.

Custodians:
Army - MR
Navy - AS
Air Force - 11

Military Coordinating Activity:
Air Force - 11

AMSC N/A

AREA MECA

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400 COMMONWEALTH DRIVE, WARRENDALE, PA 15096

AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS 5352C

Superseding AMS 5352B

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UNS J91639

STEEL CASTINGS, INVESTMENT, CORROSION RESISTANT
17Cr - 0.55Mo (0.95 - 1.20C)
Annealed

1. SCOPE:

- 1.1 Form: This specification covers a corrosion-resistant steel in the form of investment castings.
- 1.2 Application: Primarily for parts requiring hardness up to 58 HRC and having resistance to corrosion and to wear. Optimum corrosion resistance is obtained by hardening from 1850° - 1950°F (1010° - 1065°C) and tempering at not higher than 800°F (425°C).

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS: The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of Aerospace Material Specifications (AMS) shall apply. The applicable issue of other documents shall be as specified in AMS 2350.

- 2.1 SAE Publications: Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096.

2.1.1 Aerospace Material Specifications:

AMS 2350 - Standards and Test Methods
AMS 2635 - Radiographic Inspection
AMS 2640 - Magnetic Particle Inspection
AMS 2645 - Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection
AMS 2804 - Identification, Castings

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- 2.2 ASTM Publications: Available from American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

ASTM E18 - Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials

ASTM E192 - Reference Radiographs of Investment Steel Castings for Aerospace Applications

ASTM E353 - Chemical Analysis of Stainless, Heat-Resisting, Maraging, and Other Similar Chromium-Nickel-Iron Alloys

- 2.3 U.S. Government Publications: Available from Commanding Officer, Naval Publications and Forms Center, 5801 Tabor Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19120.

2.3.1 Federal Standards:

Federal Test Method Standard No. 151 - Metals; Test Methods

2.3.2 Military Standards:

MIL-STD-794 - Parts and Equipment, Procedures for Packaging and Packing of

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

- 3.1 Composition: Shall conform to the following percentages by weight, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E353, by spectrographic methods in accordance with Federal Test Method Standard No. 151, Method 112, or by other analytical methods approved by purchaser:

Ø	min max	
	min	max
Carbon	0.95	1.20
Manganese	--	1.00
Silicon	--	1.00
Phosphorus	--	0.04
Sulfur	--	0.03
Chromium	16.00	18.00
Molybdenum	0.35	0.75
Nickel	--	0.75
Copper	--	0.75

- 3.2 Condition: Annealed.

- 3.3 Casting: Castings shall be poured either from remelted metal from a master heat or directly from a master heat. In either case, metal for casting shall be qualified as in 3.4.

- 3.3.1 A master heat is refined metal of a single furnace charge or is metal blended as in 3.3.2. Gates, sprues, risers, and rejected castings shall be used only in preparation of master heats; they shall not be remelted directly, without refining, for pouring of castings.

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- 3.3.2 Unless prohibited by purchaser, metal from two or more master heats may be blended provided that the composition of each master heat to be blended is within the limits of 3.1 and that the total weight of metal blended does not exceed 10,000 lb (4500 kg). Ingot and pig may be blended together, shot may be blended, but shot shall not be blended with ingot or pig. When two or more master heats are blended, the resultant blend shall be considered a master heat.
- 3.4 Master Heat Qualification: Each master heat shall be qualified by evaluation of chemical analysis specimens conforming to 3.4.1. A master heat may be considered conditionally qualified if vendor's test results show conformance to all applicable requirements of this specification. However, except when purchaser waives confirmatory testing, final qualification shall be based on purchaser's test results. Conditional qualification of a master heat shall not be construed as a guarantee of acceptance of castings poured therefrom.
- 3.4.1 Chemical Analysis Specimens: Shall be of any convenient size, shape, and form for vendor's tests. When chemical analysis specimens are required by purchaser, specimens shall be cast to a size, shape, and form agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.
- 3.5 Properties: Castings shall conform to the following requirements; hardness testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM E18:
- 3.5.1 As Annealed:
- 3.5.1.1 Hardness: Not higher than 30 HRC or equivalent.
- 3.5.1.2 Decarburization: Shall be not greater than 0.005 in. (0.12 mm), determined by microscopic method or by Rockwell Superficial 30-N scale or equivalent hardness testing method on hardened but untempered specimens protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization, when measured by a hardness method, is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface below which there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from any adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by any decarburization or lack of decarburization thereon.
- 3.5.2 After Hardening: Castings or specimens cut from castings shall have hardness not lower than 58 HRC or equivalent after being heated to $1875^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 25^{\circ}$ ($1025^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 15$), held at heat for not less than 30 min., and cooled in still air.
- 3.6 Quality:
- 3.6.1 Castings, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from internal and external imperfections detrimental to usage of the castings.

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- 3.6.1.1 Castings shall have smooth surfaces and shall be well cleaned. Metallic shot or grit shall not be used for final cleaning, unless otherwise permitted.
- 3.6.2 Castings shall be produced under radiographic control, unless otherwise specified. This control shall consist of radiographic examination of castings in accordance with AMS 2635 until proper foundry technique, which will produce castings free from harmful internal imperfections, is established for each part number and of production castings as necessary to ensure maintenance of satisfactory quality.
- 3.6.3 When specified, castings shall be subjected to magnetic particle inspection in accordance with AMS 2640 and/or to fluorescent penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS 2645.
- 3.6.4 Radiographic, magnetic particle, fluorescent penetrant, and other quality standards shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor. ASTM E192 may be used to define radiographic acceptance standards.
- 3.6.5 Castings shall not be repaired by peening, plugging, welding, or other methods without written permission from purchaser.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:

- 4.1 Responsibility for Inspection: The vendor of castings shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Results of such tests shall be reported to the purchaser as required by 4.5. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the castings conform to the requirements of this specification.
- 4.2 Classification of Tests: Tests to determine conformance to all technical requirements of this specification are classified as acceptance tests and as preproduction tests and shall be performed on each master heat or lot as applicable, prior to or on the first-article shipment of a casting to a purchaser, when a change in material and/or processing requires reapproval as in 4.4.2, and when purchaser deems confirmatory testing to be required.
- 4.2.1 For direct U.S. Military procurement, substantiating test data and, when requested, preproduction test material shall be submitted to the cognizant agency as directed by the procuring activity, the contracting officer, or the request for procurement.
- 4.3 Sampling: Shall be in accordance with the following; a lot shall be all castings from a single master heat, annealed as a batch, and presented for vendor's inspection at one time:
- 4.3.1 Two chemical analysis specimens in accordance with 3.4.1 and/or a casting from each master heat.

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4.3.2 Two preproduction castings in accordance with 4.4.1 of each part number.

4.3.3 One casting from each lot.

4.4 Approval:

4.4.1 Sample castings from new or reworked master patterns and the casting procedure shall be approved by purchaser before castings for production use are supplied, unless such approval be waived by purchaser.

4.4.2 Vendor shall establish for production of sample castings of each part number parameters for the control factors of processing which will produce acceptable castings; these shall constitute the approved casting procedure and shall be used for producing production castings. If necessary to make any change in parameters for the control factors of processing, vendor shall submit for reapproval a statement of the proposed changes in processing and, when requested, sample castings. Production castings incorporating the revised operations shall not be shipped prior to receipt of reapproval.

4.4.2.1 Control factors for producing castings include, but are not limited to, the following:

Type of furnace and its capacity
Type and size of furnace charge
Time molten metal is in furnace
Furnace atmosphere
Fluxing or deoxidation procedure
Number of ladles used in pour
Mold refractory formulation
Mold back-up material
Gating practices
Mold preheat and pouring temperatures (variation of $\pm 25^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($\pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$) from established limits are permissible)
Solidification and cooling procedures
Annealing cycle
Cleaning operations
Methods of inspection

4.4.2.1.1 Any of the above control factors of processing for which parameters are considered proprietary by the vendor may be assigned a code designation. Each variation in such parameters shall be assigned a modified code designation.